

The background of the slide is a close-up, slightly blurred image of the Mongolian national flag. The flag features a red upper half and a blue lower half, separated by a white horizontal stripe. A yellow vertical stripe runs down the center, and a yellow sun symbol is visible on the left side. The text is centered on the white stripe.

Mongolia – Country report



Territory: 1,564,116 square km, 6th largest country in Asia, 18th in the world.



Location: Mongolia is a landlocked country in Central Asia. It is bordered by Russia to the North and China to the South.



Population: 3,177,899 (2017 est.)



Capital: Ulaanbaatar (Literally “Red Hero”),
population is 1,462,973 (2017 est).



Administrative: 21 provinces



Flag of Mongolia: The soyombo is national emblem which contains individual symbolism within it. Blue is a traditional Mongolian color and described as the eternal blue sky. Red is freedom and advancement.



Emblem of Mongolia: It is used by the government of Mongolia as its symbol of state. It is officially used for example on documents such as Mongolian passports, and government and embassy placards.

МОНГОЛ УЛСЫН ТӨРИЙН ДУУЛАЛ

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Mongolian script: The traditional Mongolian script was adapted from Uyghur alphabet in 1208. The Mongolian alphabet was used in Mongolia until 1931, when it was temporarily replaced by the Latin alphabet, and finally by Cyrillic in 1937.

Hello – Sain baina uu (*San Ban Oh*)

Good bye – Bayartai (*Bai-Yer-Tai*)

Thank you – Bayarlalaa (*Bai-Yer-Lah*)

My name is ... – Minii ner (*Minyee Nyeer*)

Language: Mongolian



Political system: Parliament republic



The Government building

Mongolian trade major partners: China, Russia, Japan, Korea, USA etc;

Export goods: Coal, copper, iron, petroleum, gold, cashmere etc;

Import goods: Fuel, machineries, equipments, cars, chemicals etc;

The image shows the Mongolian flag, which features a red field with a yellow sun emblem in the center. The flag is partially visible on the left side of the slide, with the rest of the slide background being a light blue gradient.

Mongolian trade major partners

Mongolia is one of a few breeding grounds in the world where livestock was independently developed. It was identified by scientists that livestock was domesticated 15000-7000 years ago in the era of mezolith on the territory of Mongolia.



Livestock sector

The agriculture sector of our country, more specifically livestock plays valuable role in the economy, occupancy, export income and gross domestic product. Livestock occupies about 80 percent of the production in this sector and 10 percent in the total value of export income. One third of the total population live only with livestock income and the sector supplies the whole population indirectly with foodstuff.



Livestock sector

The total number of livestock is estimated at 66 218 959 thousand by 2017



3 939 813



4 388 455



434 096



30 109 888



27 346 707

Livestock sector



Currency: Tugrug (MNT)

1 \$ = 2400 ₮ (May 2018)



Climate: Climate is extreme continental, warm rainy summers from +20 to +40 C and extremely cold winter from -20 to -40 C with four seasons a year: Spring, summer, autumn and winter.



Religion in Mongolia: Buddhism 43 %, Christian 12.1 %, Islam 3 %, Shamanist 2.9 %, Other 0.45 % and none 38.6 %.



Musical Instrument: Horse head fiddle.
Something like a cello with two strings. Seen as
a symbol of the country.



Culture: Mongolian nomadic lifestyle is one of unique lifestyle of the world. Mongolian traditional removable house “Ger”.



Mongolian food: Meal – Horhog, buuz, huushuur, bانش, bantan (soup) and others.



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Mongolian food: Alcohols – Nermel, airag (mare's milk).



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Mongolian food: Milk product – Tarag (yogurt),
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After 1921, the Naadam Festival became an official celebration of the National Revolution's victory. During the holiday (11-13 July) 3 kinds of traditional sport events took place.

1. Wrestling
2. Horse racing
3. Archery

Naadam festival (July 07.11 – 07.13)



Wrestling



Wrestling



Wrestling



Horse racing



Horse racing



Horse racing



Horse racing



Archery



Archery



Archery



Archery

The Mongolian traditional costume consists of a deel, a hat, boots, and accessories. There are differences between the costumes of the various ethnic groups, but all the deels have the same shape: long sleeves, a wide flap that gets folded up on the chest, buttons on the right shoulder, a high collar, and a fabric belt around the waist.



Mongolian costumes

Ulaanbaatar /MONTSAME/ Another captivating day dawns in Ulaanbaatar as “Deeltei Mongol” (meaning Mongolians in deel) traditional costume festival gathers hundreds of people at the Central Square today, on July 10.

With an aim to promote Mongolian traditional costume, tangible and intangible heritage of art and folklore, the traditional Deeltei Mongol festival is taking place between 2PM to 6PM.



Mongolians in deel traditional costume festival

On this day, following events are expected:

- Ceremonial march of the people in Mongolian traditional costume
- Folk art performances
- Fashion show of Mongolian traditional costume
- Competition for the best pair of traditional costume
- Exhibition of traditional clothing, handicraft products and souvenirs

The background of the slide features a stylized representation of the Mongolian national flag. It includes the traditional red, yellow, and blue colors, along with a yellow sun symbol on a red background. The text is overlaid on this graphic.

Mongolians in deel traditional costume festival



Mongolians in deel traditional costume festival



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Mongolians in deel traditional costume festival



Chinggis Khan Equestrian Statue

The Chinggis Khan Equestrian Statue, part of the Chinggis Khan Statue Complex is a 40 metre tall statue of Chinggis Khan on horseback, on the bank of the Tuul River at Tsonjin Boldog, where according to legend, he found a golden whip.

Height: 40 metre

Location: Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia

Material: Stainless steel

Completion date: 2008



Chinggis Khan Equestrian Statue



Thank you for your attention