

**India , Conservation Agriculture and Agricultural Mechanization Strategies**

Cross fertilization of ideas

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**Cereal Systems Initiative for South Asia (CSISA) Project**  
**Punjab Hub**

Year	Cropping intensity (%)	Food grain productivity (t/ha)	Power available (kW/ha)	Power per unit production (kW/t)	Net sown area per tractor (ha)
1975-76	120	0.944	0.48	0.51	487
1985-86	127	1.175	0.73	0.62	174
1995-96	130	1.491	1.05	0.70	84
2004-05	135.7	1.652	1.47	0.89	47
2005-06	136.4	1.715	1.51	0.88	45
2006-07	138.1	1.756	1.58	0.9	42
2007-08	139	1.86	1.62	0.87	40
2008-09	139.02*	1.909	1.67	0.87	38
2009-10	139.22*	1.798	1.73	0.96	36

Cropping intensity and power availability on Indian farms

**CSISA Punjab Hub – activities, adoption outcomes, needs & future plans**

Cross fertilization of ideas as an informal partner

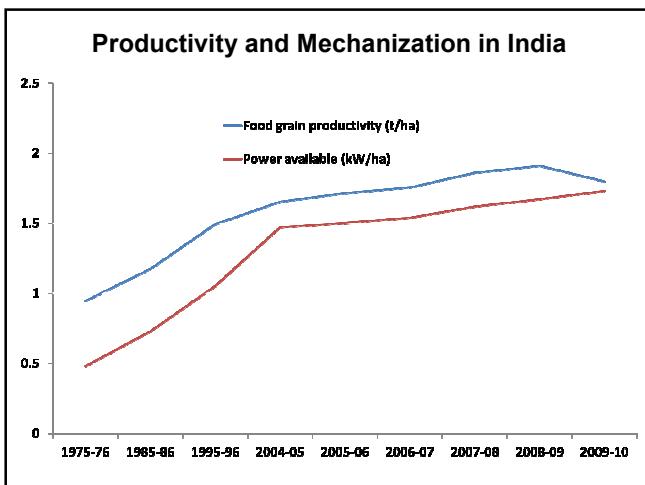
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### Agril. Mechanization in India

- Demand** – Yes, farmer participatory, multi crop and multi task, options, owning v/s hiring,
- Supply issues** – very good manufacturing, cost of production, common facility (tool Rooms etc) & cluster formation
- Policy & institutional Issues** – Govt Support, subsidy with quality rider, promotion, Taxes, testing centers, Farm machinery service centre, new technology through co op societies



### Agril. Mechanization in India

- Constraints** – Land Holding, Economic Condition, seasonal use , size & shape of Fields, terrain, mind set and machine v/s Labour
- Best Practices** – AMS for Sustainable Agriculture
- Way Forward** : Develop & promote CA Equipment & Strategies' accordingly but with clear cut messages no policy mismatch

### Highly Mechanized Indian State – Punjab Case

- 1.2 % area
- 95 % irrigated area
- 11 % tractors
- 190 % cropping intensity
- 50% rice and 50 % wheat in the central pool

At What Cost ?

### Conservation Agriculture

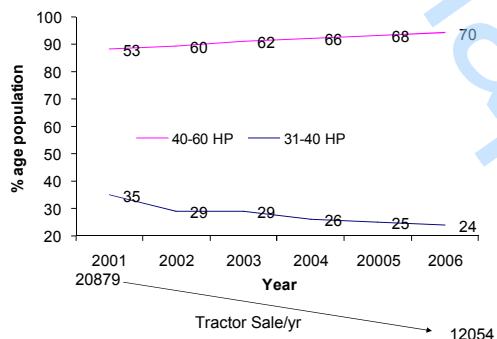
#### Three Principles

- No/Minimum Tillage
- Soil Cover with residue
- Crop Rotation

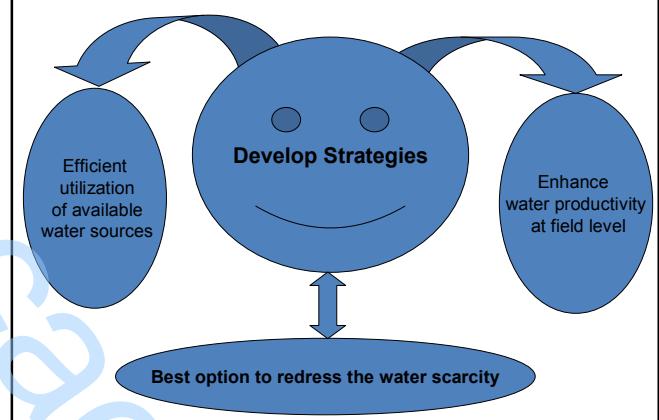
#### <<<<< Choosing Directions >>>>>

- Un-sustainability can not be the option
- Systems need to be both biophysically and socio-economically sustainable.
- Sustainability also demands confronting climate change

### Tractor Population = 4.2 Lacs



### Water

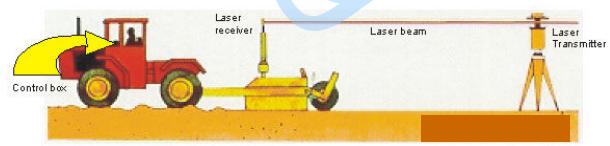


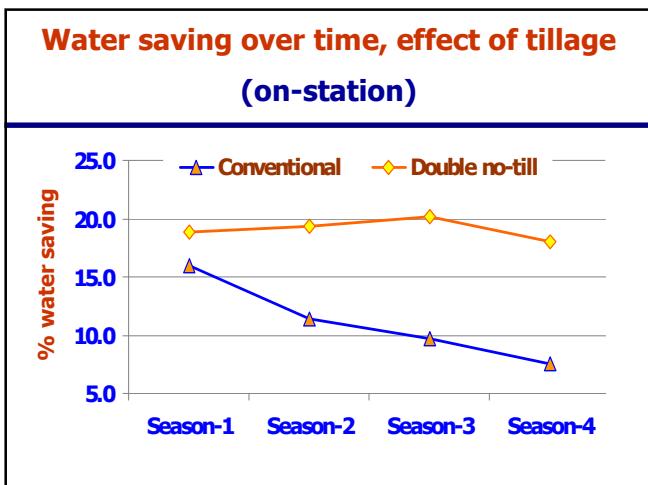
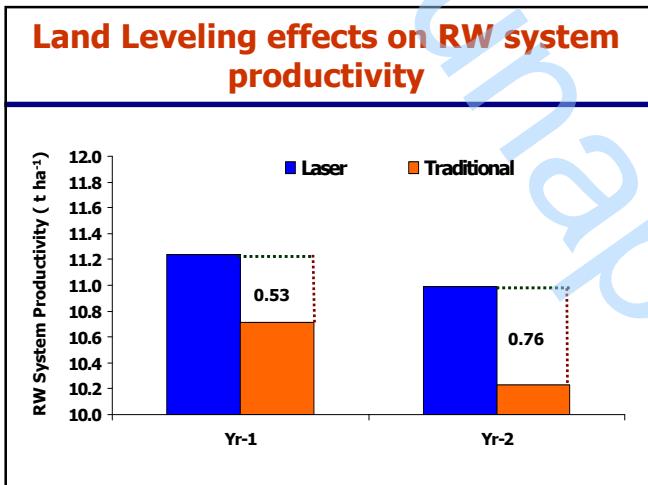
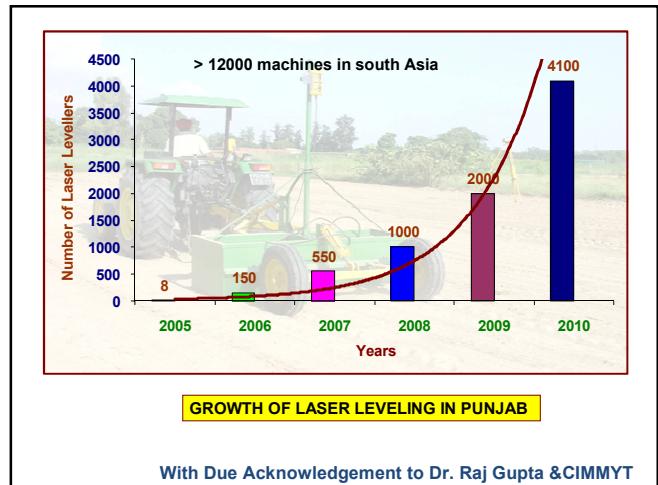
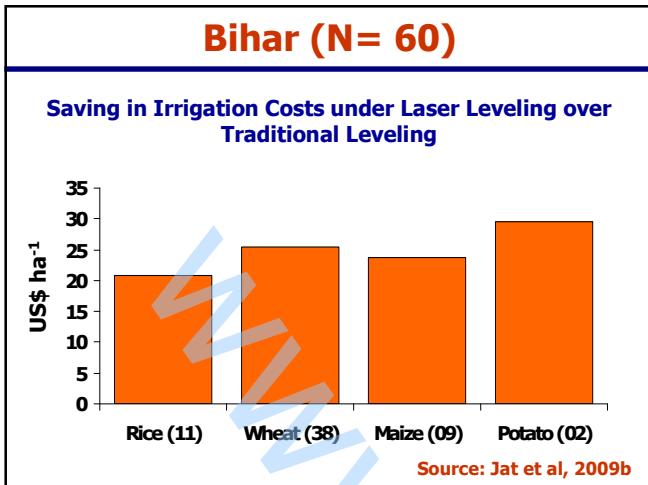
### AMS v/s Issues

- Degradation of Natural Resources (Soil, Water & Environment)
- Stagnation in the crop Yield
- Declining Farmers Income
- Scarcity of Farm Labor
- Mechanization for small Farmers
- Climate change
- Sustainability of Agriculture

### What is laser leveling?

- Laser land leveling is leveling the field within certain degree of desired slope using a guided laser beam through out the field.





## Direct Seeded Rice





## Some More Efforts

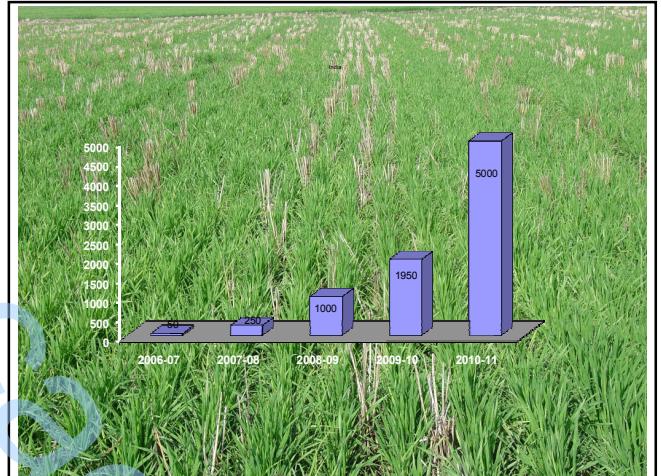


## Residue Management



### POSSIBLE STRAW MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

- ❖ Collection
- ❖ Straw incorporation (most difficult)
- ❖ Burning
  - ▶ Complete burning (mostly practiced)
  - ▶ Partial burning
- ❖ Straw Mulch



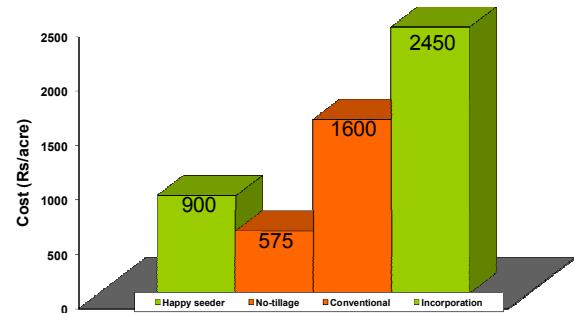
### Mostly Practiced Rice Residue Management Technique



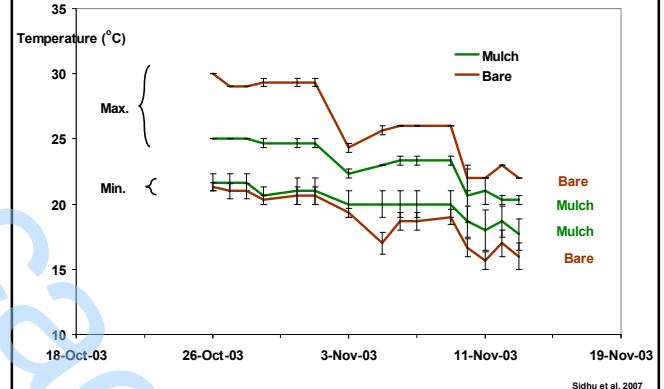




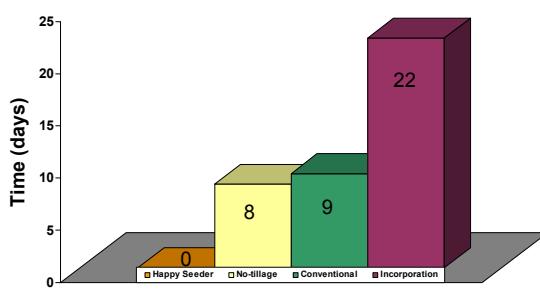
### Custom hiring Cost for different options



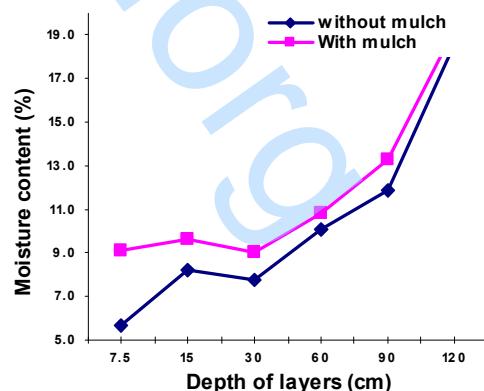
### Effect of residue management on soil temperature (5 cm)

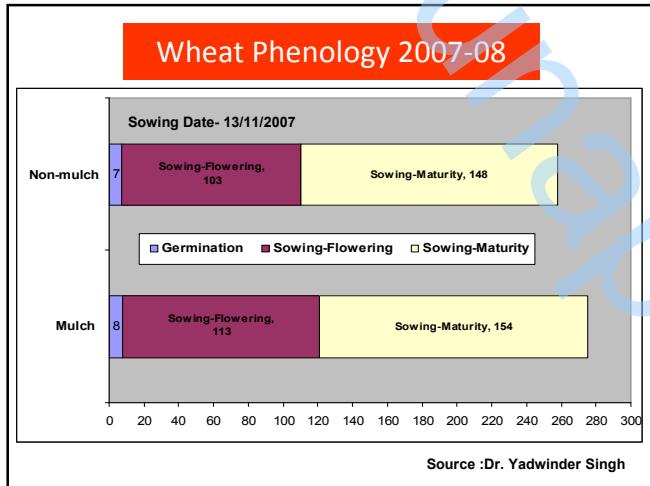
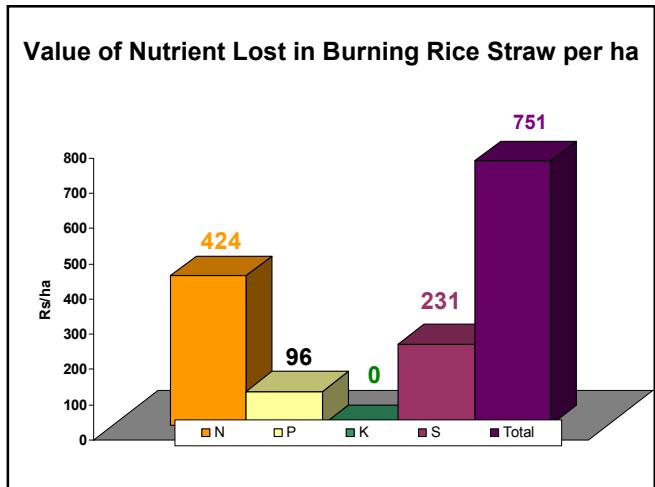
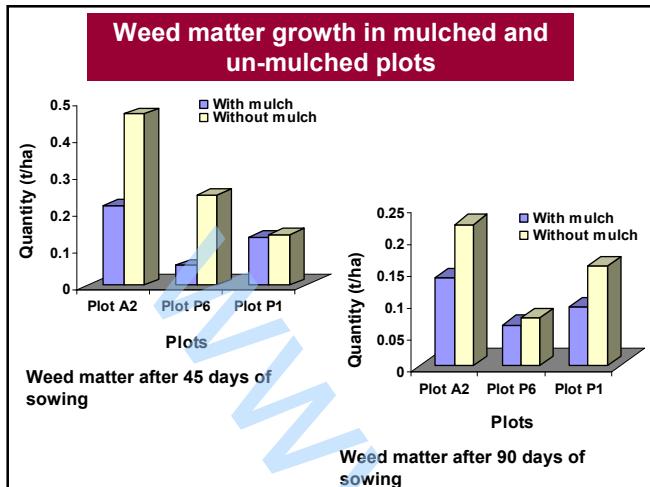


### Sowing Time Lag for different options



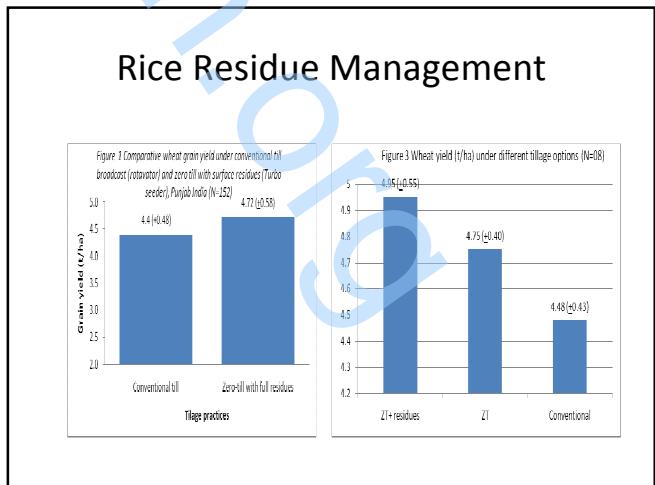
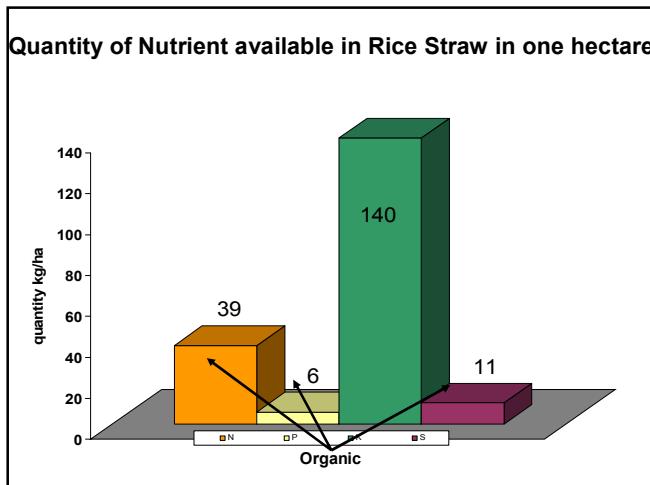
### Moisture conservation at different layers for mulched and un-mulched plots





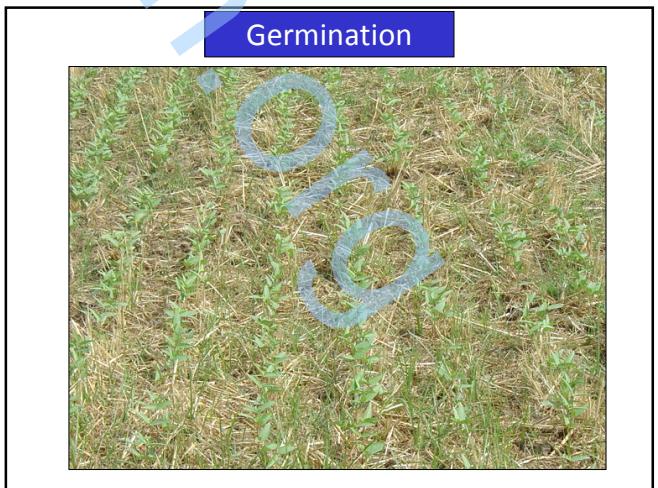
### Canopy temperature under various tillage option

Wheat Varieties	Canopy Temperature ( °C )			
	Turbo Happy Seeder	Zero till	Conventional	Rotoseeder
DBW 17	30.1	30.6	31.8	32.8
PBW 550	29.5	30.7	31.7	33.9
HD 2894	31.5	32.5	32.9	33.2
Average	30.37	31.27	32.13	33.30
No. of observations	43	10	18	5

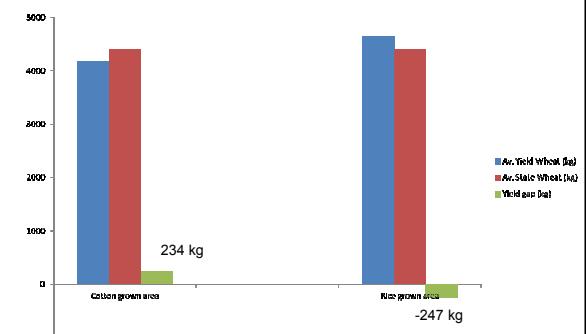


Performance of wheat during last three conjunctive years				
Districts	Year (locations)	Yield (t/ha)		% increase*
		CT	HS	
4	2007- 08 (46)	4.59	4.73	3.02
2	2008- 09 (14)	4.34	4.54	4.61
12	2009 -10 (94)	4.35	4.48	3.15
	Mean (154)	4.46	4.58	3.20

\* Over conventional



Moong Yield was 1.6 t/ha



Yield (kg/ha) gap of wheat in cotton grown and rice grown areas

New CA Seeder Prototype

Newly Developed Prototype



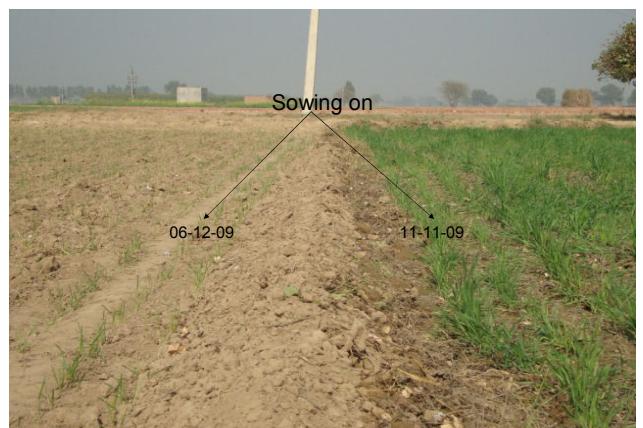
Easy Seeder – New CA Seeder Prototype

Sowing wheat on date 11-11-09



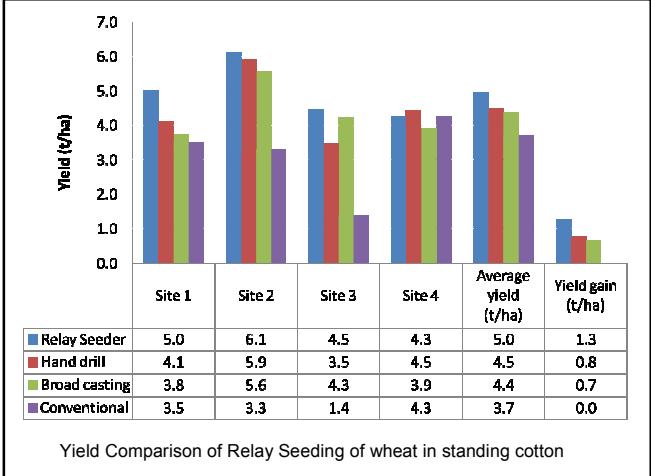


**Comparison of Relay & Conventional Crop**



**Farmer removing the cotton sticks**





#### Relay Seeding of Wheat In Standing Cotton in Current Season

S.No.	Village	Lat.,	Long.	Variety	DOS	DOS (FP)	Saving of Days
1	Gehri Butter	30.11608 N	074.88899 E	DBW 17	10-11-2010	21-12-2010	41
2	Jodhpur Romana	30.15721 N	074.93042 E	DBW 17	11-11-2010	19-12-2010	38
3	Jodhpur Romana	30.13931 N	074.92664 E	DBW 17	12-11-2010	19-12-2010	37
4	Gehri Butter	30.09837 N	074.87917 E	DBW 17	19-11-2010	15-12-2010	26
5	Jodhpur Romana	30.14428 N	074.91803 E	DBW 17	14-11-2010	07-12-2010	23
6	Gehri Butter	30.11071 N	074.88699 E	DBW 17	16-11-2010	14-12-2010	28
7	Jodhpur Romana	30.15897 N	074.92627 E	DBW 17	17-11-2010	17-12-2010	30
8	Gehri Butter	30.10112 N	074.88165 E	DBW 17	18-11-2010	07-12-2010	19
9	Jodhpur Romana	30.14533 N	074.91614 E	DBW 17	19-11-2010	02-12-2010	13
10	Bathinda	30.18811 N	074.95247 E	DBW 17	26-11-2010	16-12-2010	20

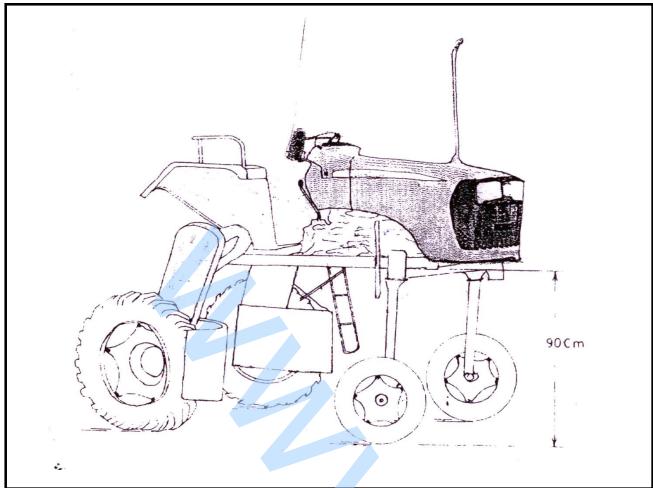


#### Yield Comparison of Relay Seeding of wheat in standing cotton

Treatment s	Wheat grain yield (t ha <sup>-1</sup> )			Cost of cultivation (US\$ ha <sup>-1</sup> )	Net profit (US\$ ha <sup>-1</sup> )	B:C ratio
	2009-10	2010-11	Mean			
T <sub>1</sub>	4.97a	4.84a	4.91a	430	1353a	3.15
T <sub>2</sub>	4.51a	-	4.51a	430	1123b	2.61
T <sub>3</sub>	4.39a	4.64a	4.52a	430	1124b	2.61
T <sub>4</sub>	3.52b	4.33b	3.93b	463	978c	2.11

Within a column, means followed by the same letter are not significantly different at the 0.05 level of probability by the Duncan's multiple range test (DMRT)

Source : Paper submitted in 5<sup>th</sup> World Congress of Conservation Agriculture incorporating 3<sup>rd</sup> Farming Systems Design Conference, September 2011 Brisbane, Australia [www.wcca2011.org](http://www.wcca2011.org)



### Some Specifications

	Normal Tractor	High Clearance Tractor
Ground Clearance (cm)	45 cm	110 cm
Weight (Kg)	2000 Kg	2350 Kg
Turning Radius	270	302
Seeding Speed	3.5 km/hr	17% less
Track Width	135 cm	202 cm

### Future Needs & What Next

- Can we run Happy seeder in wet rice straw
- Can we apply Nitrogen mechanically in straw mulch
- Multi-crop ZT Planter for 2WT
- Laser Land Leveler for 2WT
- Capacity building of scientists Manufactures, Farmers

### Opportunities

- Very good Liaison with manufacturer
- Global market for need/farm size based machinery
- Custom hiring single window service is emerging for small & Marginal farmers
- Govt. should come forward to provide subsidies (with qualifier) on all CA /new machinery



### Future Needs & What Next

- Global challenges of mechanization for S/M size
- How Indian machinery manufacturing skills/strengths
- Cluster formation / better quality & Cost
- Multi-crop ZT Planter for 2WT
- Laser Land Leveler for 2WT
- Capacity building of scientists Manufactures, Farmers



