



# 中国农产品初加工机械化发展与实践

## Post-harvesting and processing mechanization of Agricultural Products in China

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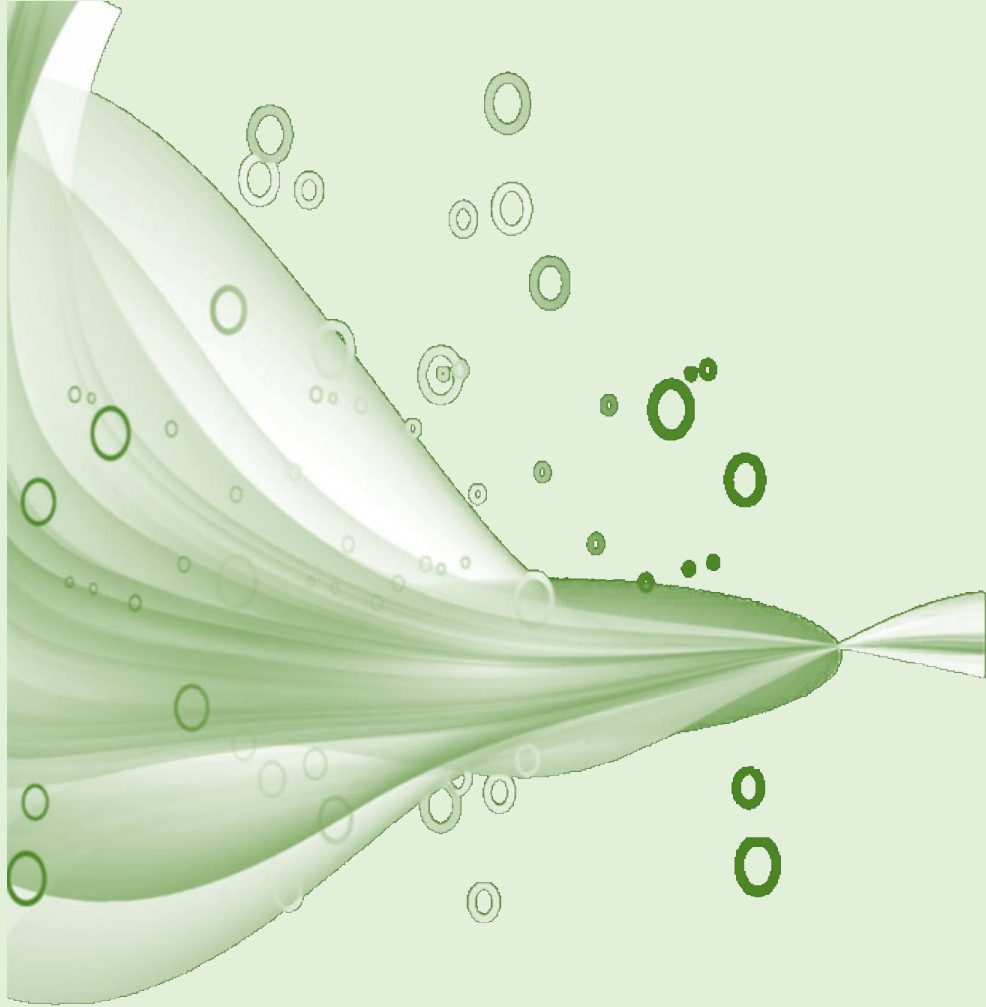
Wuhan Hubei

# CONTENTS

## CONTENTS



1. Aim of primary processing mechanization
2. Present situation of mechanization of grain and oil primary processing in China
3. National Policy for supporting primary processing



First Part

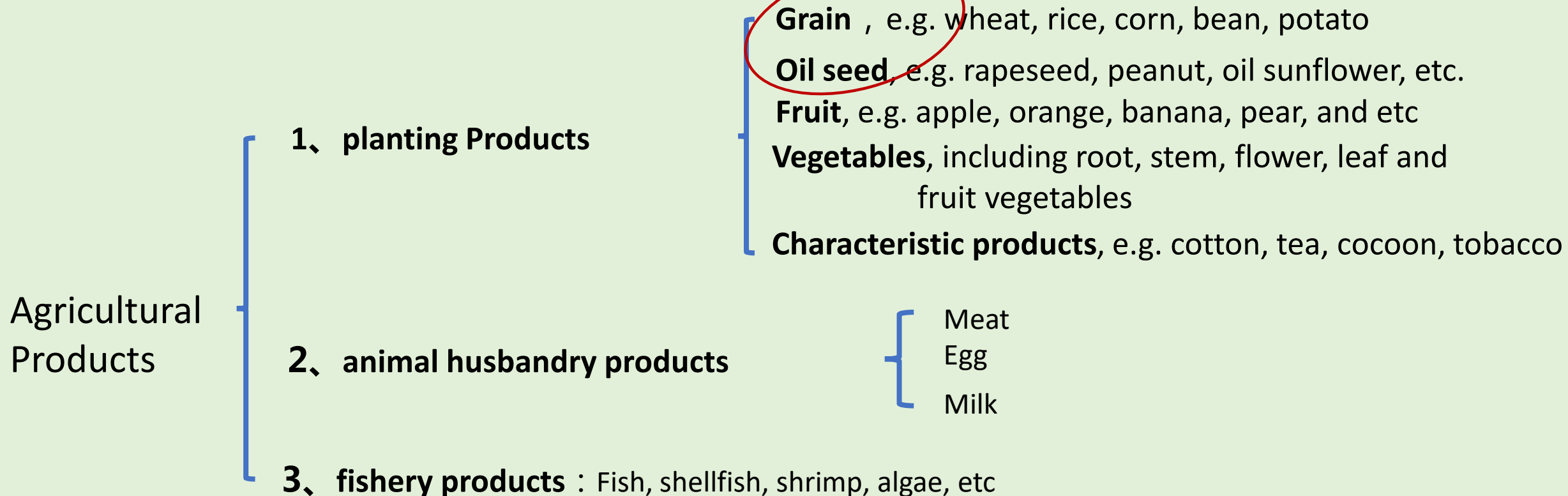
**Aim of primary processing  
mechanization**

# 1、 Concept and scope of agricultural products

## ● Agricultural Products

Refers to the primary products from planting, **forestry**, animal husbandry and fishery.

## ● Classification of Agricultural Products



## 2、 Primary processing machinery for agricultural products

### The primary processing of agricultural products

refers to the one-time processing of agricultural products that does not involve the change of the internal components of agricultural products,



8 major categories and 15 minor categories, It includes 89 items.



- **Planting machinery**
- **Animal husbandry and breeding machinery**
- **Fishery machinery**
- **Agricultural products primary processing machinery**
- **Agricultural power machinery**

1. Seed processing machinery
2. Grain, Oilseed, sugar ma-
3. Cotton,hemp, silkworm ma-
4. Fruit, Vegetable, Tea ma-
5. Herbs, spices, tobacco ma-
6. natural rubber ma-
7. Animal husbandry and breeding machinery
8. Fishery machinery

# 3. Aim for developing agricultural products processing mechanization

## ( 1 ) To reduce the postharvest losses of agricultural products can ensure the supply security.

In 2022, China produced

Grain	686	million ton
Oilseed	36	million ton

According to statistics, the losses among storage, process and transformation is 35 million ton, is 5% of total output.

## ( 2 ) To promote farmers' income and rural economic development.

### ➤ Reducing losses means increasing income.

e.g. reduce grain loss of 1 million tons, means 3 billion RMB Yuan.

### ➤ Generate value-added income by storing off-peak sales

e.g. Extend storage time through modern storage facilities, and earn income by selling in off-season,

### ➤ To produce high-value products by primary processing, can increase farmers income.

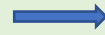
e.g. prolongs processing chain and improves the commodity value.  
Paddy-rice, wheat-flour



# Aim for developing agricultural products processing mechanization

## ( 3 ) Conducive to saving land and avoiding waste of resources

Corn loss  
10 million tons



Corn cultivated land  
2 million ha

Reducing losses  
means saving  
cultivated land. ! !

## ( 4 ) Reduce pollution and protect ecological environment.

Rot and deteriorate, pollute the environment

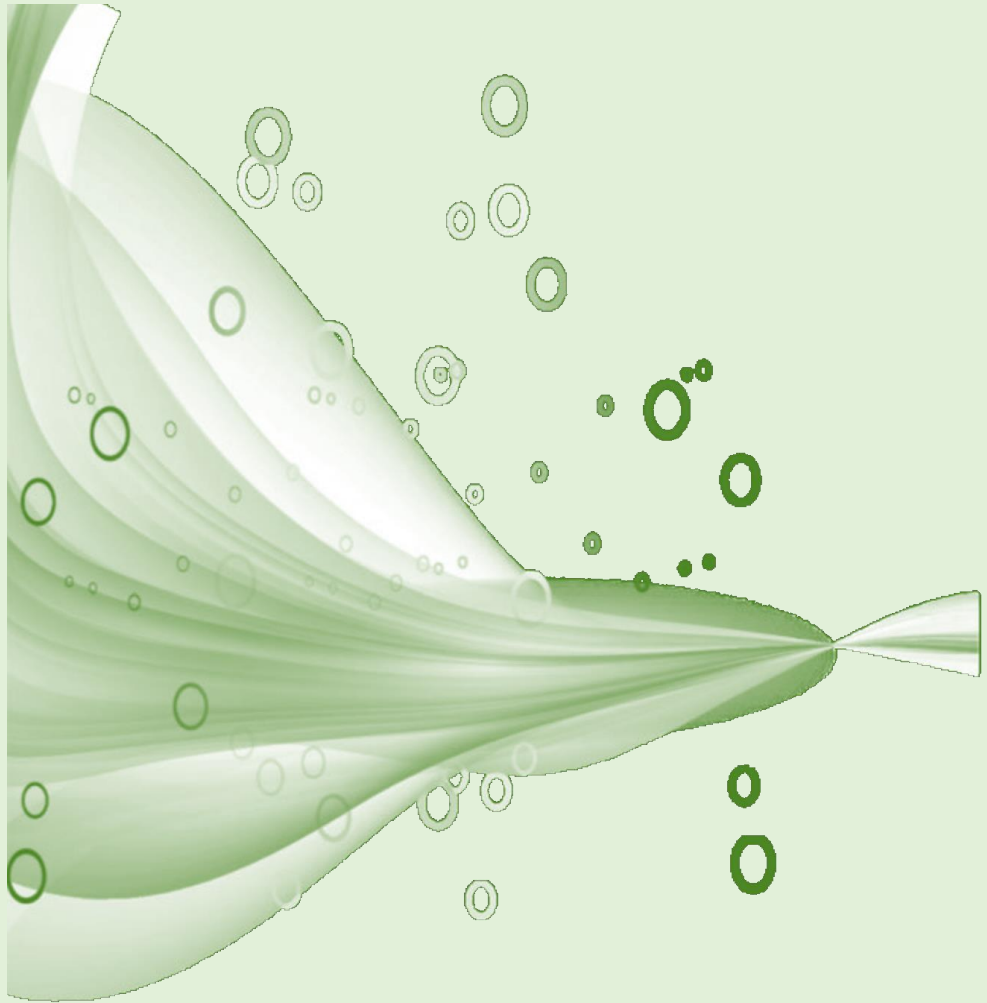
Increase the amount of domestic garbage

pollute the water source.

## ( 5 ) Ensure the quality of agricultural products and eliminate potential food safety hazards.

- Corn is mildewed and produces aflatoxin.
- Accumulation of harmful microorganisms
- Mosquito and fly-borne diseases





## The 2nd part

Present situation of mechanization of grain  
and oil primary processing in China



# 1.the overall situation of China's grain and oil primary processing mechanization development.

- Development level of mechanization of primary processing of grain and oil

$$A = 0.35A1 + 0.35A2 + 0.30A3$$

A——Mechanization rate of primary processing of grain and oil

A1——Mechanization rate of grain and oil threshing

A2——Mechanization rate of grain and oil cleaning

A3——Mechanization rate of grain and oil quality guarantee  
(drying+storage)

For grain            A=65.75%      A3=27.5%

For oilseed        A=57.73%      A3=26%



National Statistical Yearbook of Agricultural Mechanization

$$A1 = X/Y \times 100\%$$

X—grain mass which is threshed by machinery.

Y--- total grain mass which is threshed by any ways.

- Ownership of grain and oil primary processing machinery

Grain primary processing machinery    12.51 million sets

drying equipment                            145 thousands sets

Oil seed primary processing machinery    807.2 thousands sets



## 2、Equipment manufacturing popularizing evaluating

- Manufacturing situation of grain drying equipment:

There are more than 400 grain and oil processing machinery enterprises in China , and 205 grain dryer manufacturers.



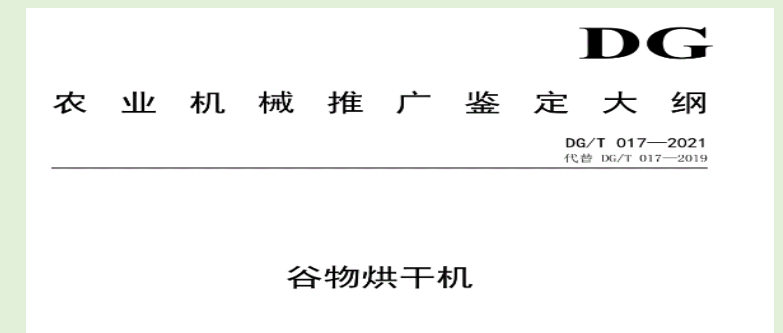
- Complete system for Equipment

performance testing,  
popularizing & evaluating

- Complete standard system

- Complete Science & technology R&D system

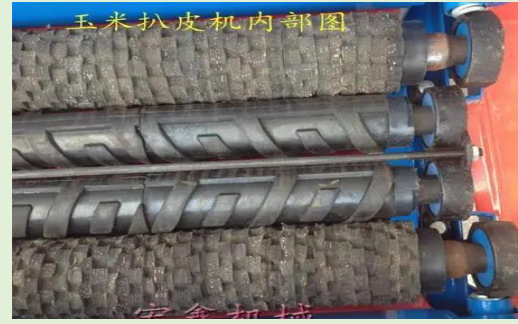
现行有效	GB/T 16714-2007 连续式粮食干燥机
现行有效	GB/T 6970-2007 粮食干燥机试验方法
现行有效	GB/T 21162-2007 顺流粮食干燥机单位耗热量与处理量折算规则
现行有效	GB/T 26550-2011 粮食干燥机同比热效率的测试与评价
现行有效	GB/T 30467-2013 横流粮食干燥机单位耗热量与处理量折算规则
现行有效	NY 1644-2008 粮食干燥机运行安全技术条件
现行有效	NY/T 463-2001 粮食干燥机质量评价规范
现行有效	LS/T 1222-2020 粮食干燥机系统工艺设计技术规范
现行有效	JB/T 13628-2020 循环式粮食干燥机
现行有效	GB/T 21399-2008 粮食干燥机自动控制系统评定规则





### 3、 Application of grain and oil primary processing machinery

#### ● Peeling machinery-for corn



#### ● Cleaning machinery



Double-cylinder cleaner



Combined cleaner

#### ● Threshing machinery



simple thresher



compound thresher



Vibrating Cleaner



### 3、 Application of grain and oil primary processing machinery

#### ● Corn drying in the sun

drying in the sun  
and ventilation with natural air



### 3、 Application of grain and oil primary processing machinery

#### ● Wheat /Rice



#### ● Pennut /rapeseed

## ( 2 ) Batch type grain dryer

### □ Stacked Batch type grain dryer

#### Features :

- **Simple structure , Low price.**
- **Wide application , all kinds of agri. Products**
- **Lower capacity, low efficiency, Loading and discharging by hand**



Multi- beds batch dryer



Single bed batch dryer



Stacked corn ear drying chamber with slopping bed

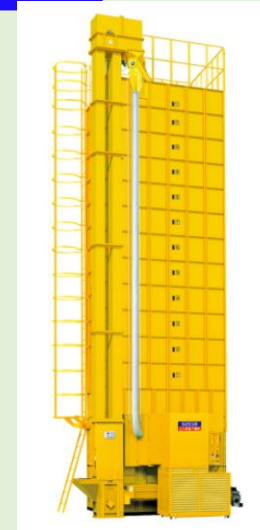


## ( 2 ) Batch type grain dryer

### □ Cyclical dryer

The largest amount dryer, about 85% in all dryers

The largest amount of manufacturers



### Features :

- Specific for paddy, also dry wheat and corn (maize)
- Low drying temp. cyclical drying technology, drying and tempering Alternately, good ≤quality, lower drying rate, 0.5%-1.0%/h。
- Capacity ≤ 30t/batch
- Good flexibility for different capacity, Tandem arrangement or Parallel arrangement





## ( 2 ) Batch type grain dryer

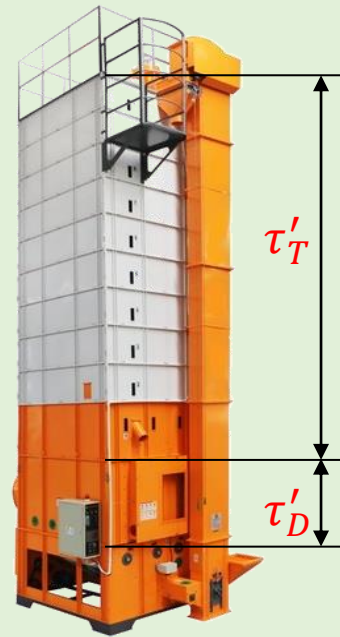
### □ Cyclical dryer

The largest amount dryer, about 85% in all dryers

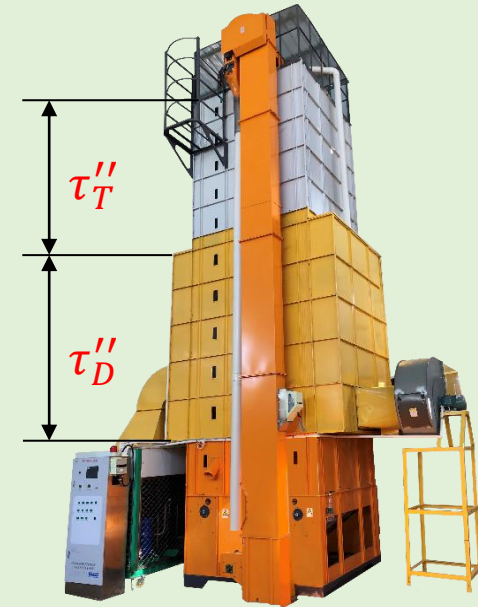
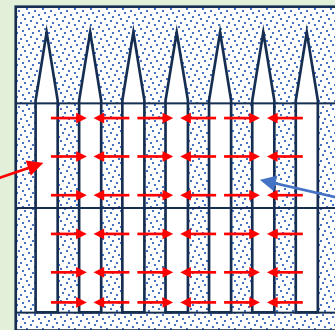
The largest amount of manufacturers

#### Features :

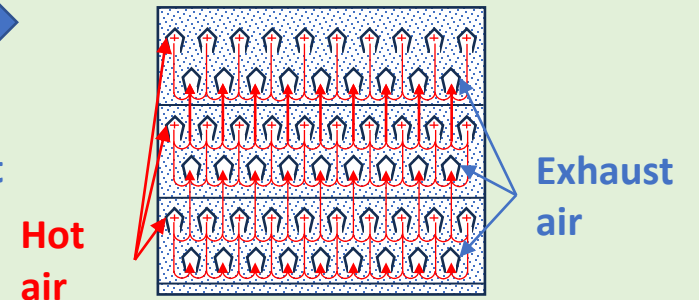
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Cyclical dryer with Cross- flow drying tech.



Cyclical dryer with Mix- flow drying tech.



提高干燥效率和物料适应性, 可烘干小颗粒粮食油料

## (3) Continuous grain dryer

### Features :

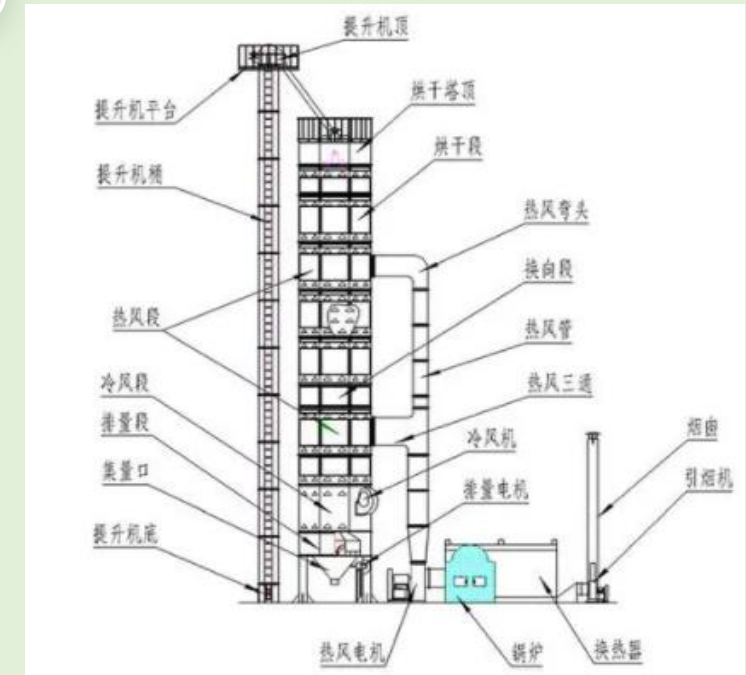
- a. Continuous drying, no cyclical operation ;
- b. Mainly for corn and wheat , need to modify structure for paddy
- c. High drying efficiency , capacity , 1000t/day, 1500 t/day,



Mixed flow grain dryer

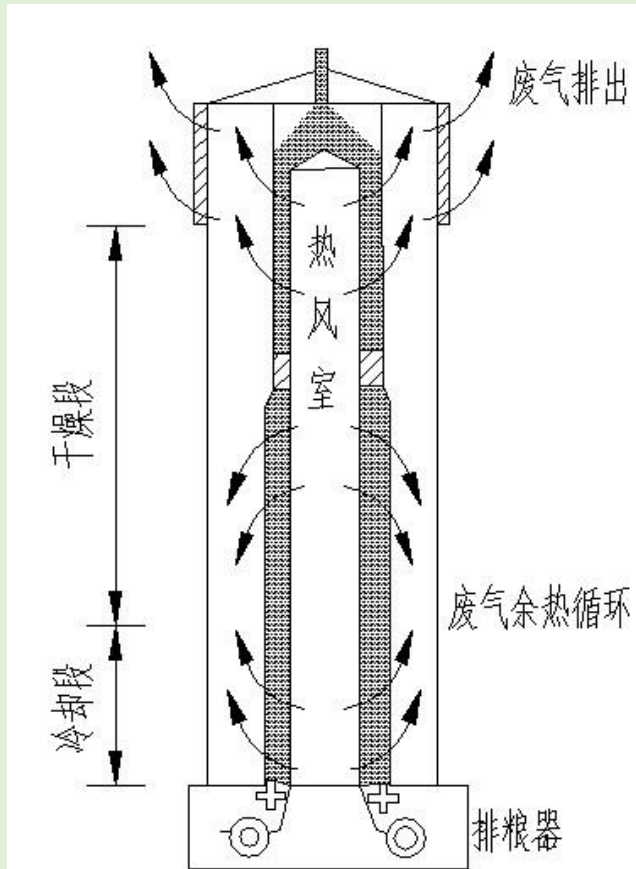


Concurrent flow grain dryer



## (3) Continuous grain dryer

### □ Crossflow dryer



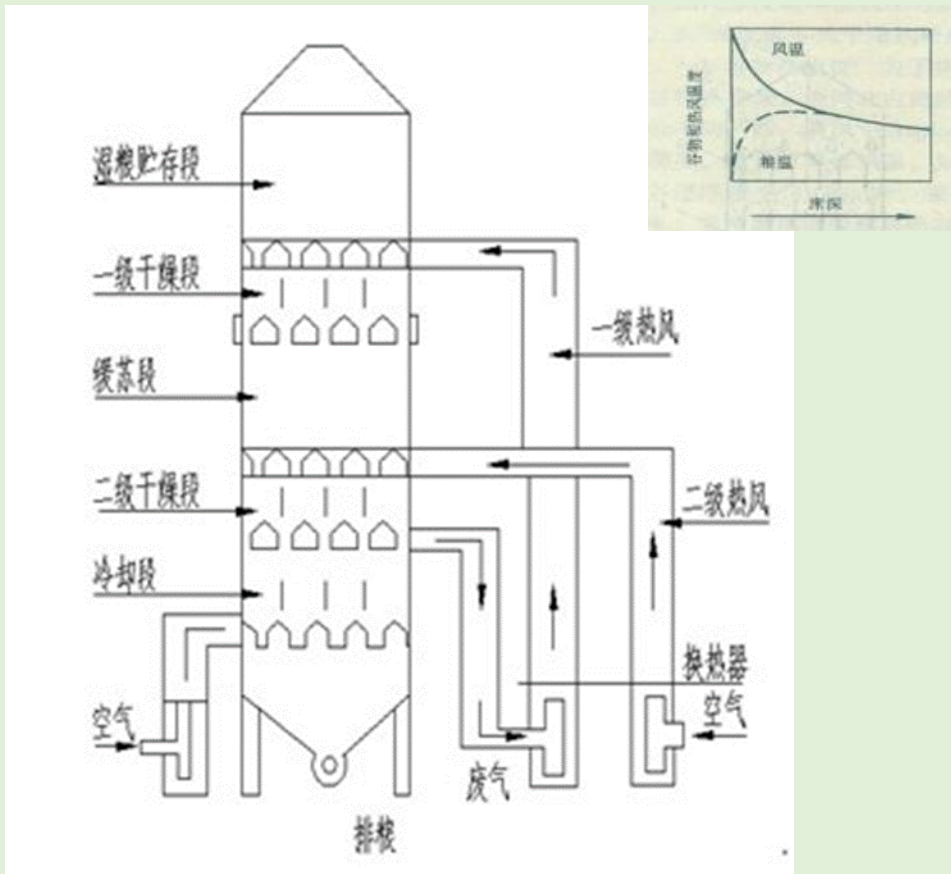
#### Features:

- ◆ simple structure, convenient manufacture and low cost.
- ◆ grain flow direction is perpendicular to the hot air flow direction.
- ◆ Shortcomings  
Uneven drying, on the inlet side the grain too dry, on the exhaust side grain is not dry enough, energy consumption is high



## (3) Continuous grain dryer

### □ Concurrent flow dryer



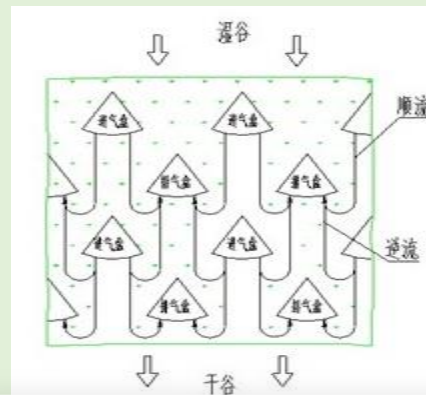
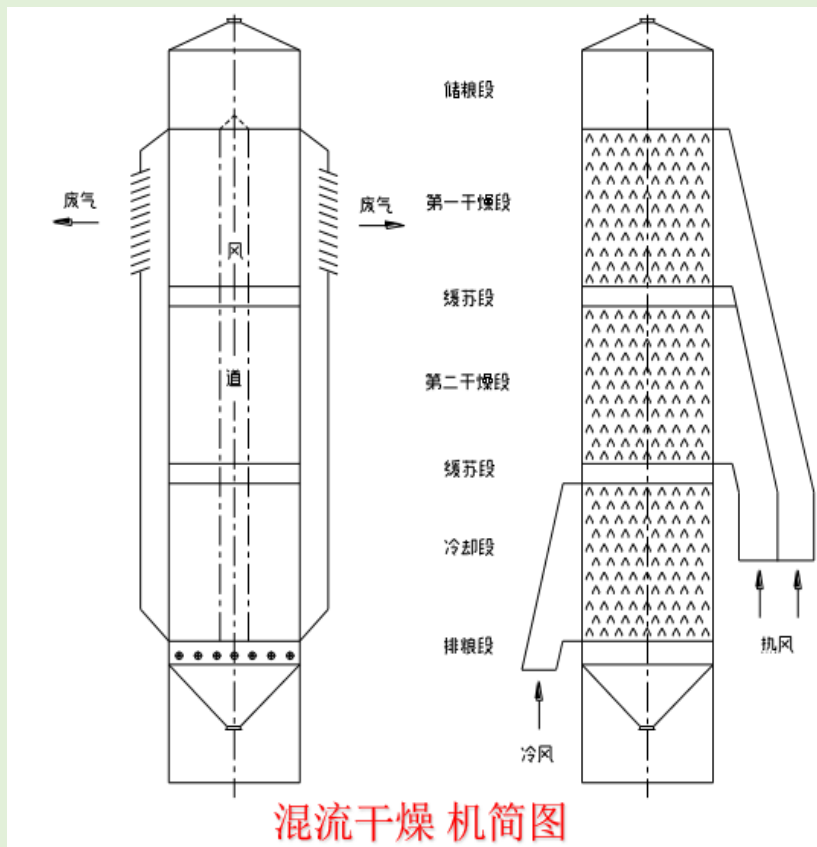
#### Features:

- ◆ hot air flows in the same direction as grain;
- ◆ Fast drying speed  
Use higher hot air temp., such as 200 ~ 285°C, grain temp. not too high,
- ◆ low energy consumption ,and high efficiency .
- ◆ uniform drying and good grain quality;
- ◆ Thicker grain layer, larger resistance of grain to airflow, and larger fan power
- ◆ Suitable for drying high moisture grain.



## (3) Continuous grain dryer

### □ Mixed flow dryer



#### Features:

- ◆ Mixed-flow drying technology alternately arranged the inlet and exhaust air ducts , and grain flow downwards according to the S-shaped trail, and alternately contact high-temp. and low-temp. airflow, more high air temperature than cross-flow dryer.
- ◆ dry small grain and oilseed, such as rapeseed
- ◆ Lower power than concurrent flow dryer.
- ◆ High efficiency and capacity
- ◆ better grain quality, lower crack rate and thermal damage



#### ( 4 ) Heat Pump Grain Dryer

##### High quality

- Less circulation times than traditional dryers, drying temp. is below 55 °C
- Fit for seed drying

##### High efficient

- In Guangdong province, 16h for drying early rice and 20h for late rice
- Drying time is less 30% than other dryers

##### Energy-saving, clean energy

- Drying cost 40RMB/t wet paddy , lower 40% than biomass fuel, lower 70% than diesel.
- no carbon dioxide emissions

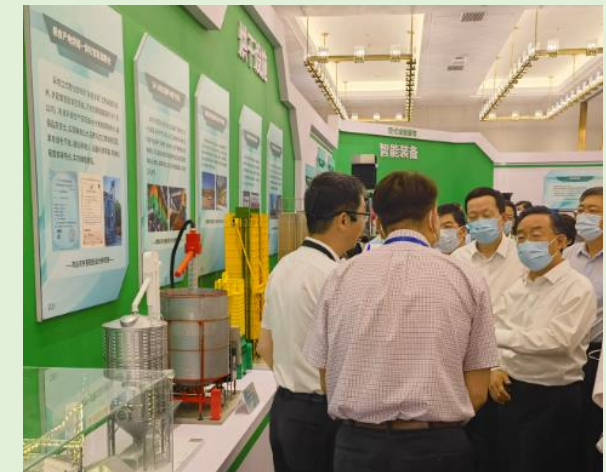
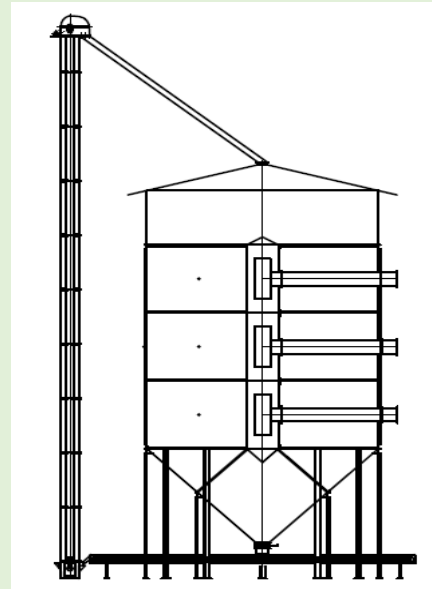
##### Cost-effective

- Profit can be achieved in the drying process.
- The investment return period is 7 years.



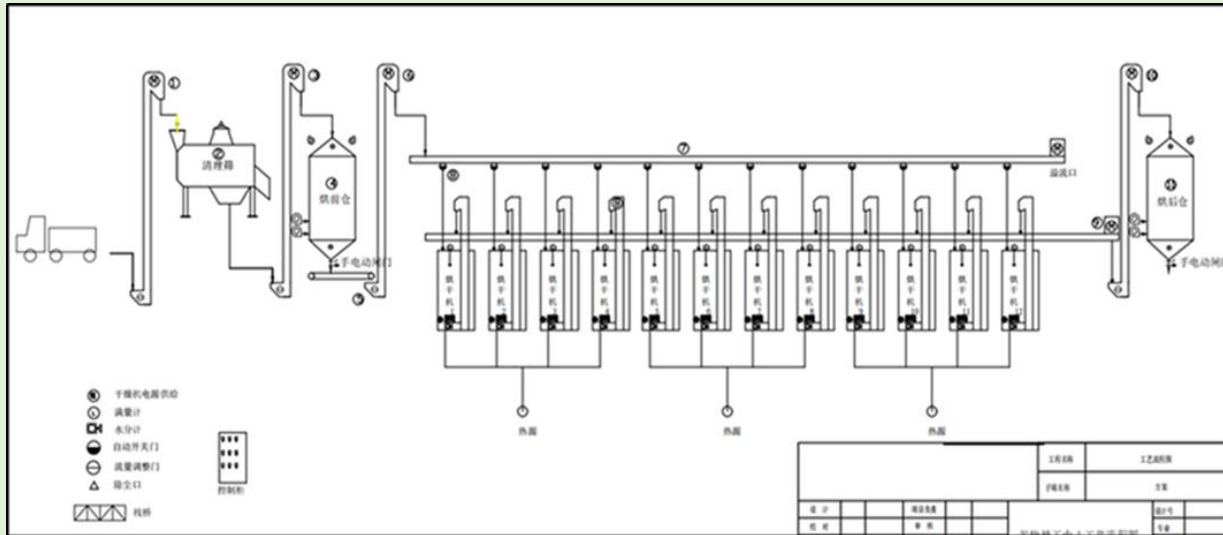
#### ( 5 ) Self-circulating intelligent drying and storage integrated silo

- Intelligent grain storage facility combining natural ventilation with mechanical ventilation  
Capacity 100t-300t , fit for smaller famers with 20-30ha. Carry out integration of grain drying and storage. ;
- Smaller area to built , longer operation time, and farmers can get bonus by storage ;
- Low drying cost and good grain quality.

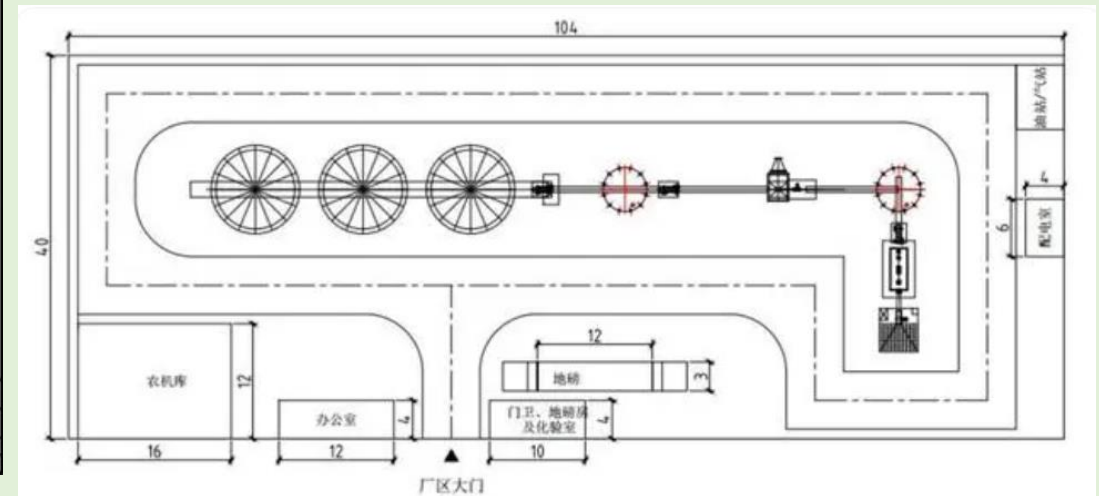


## ( 6 ) Complete sets of Grain Drying

The main facilities and auxiliary facilities and equipment for wet grain weighing, cleaning, drying and temporary storage. Generally, it includes complete sets of equipment such as weighing, cleaning, temporary storage and drying.



Flow diagram for Grain drying



Layout plan for Grain drying



# 3、 Application of grain and oil primary processing machinery

## Auxiliary equipment of complete grain drying equipment



motor truck scale



motor truck scale



Grain cleaner



bucket elevator



Horizontal belt conveyor



Inclined belt conveyor



bag-type dust remover



Temporary storage silo before and after drying

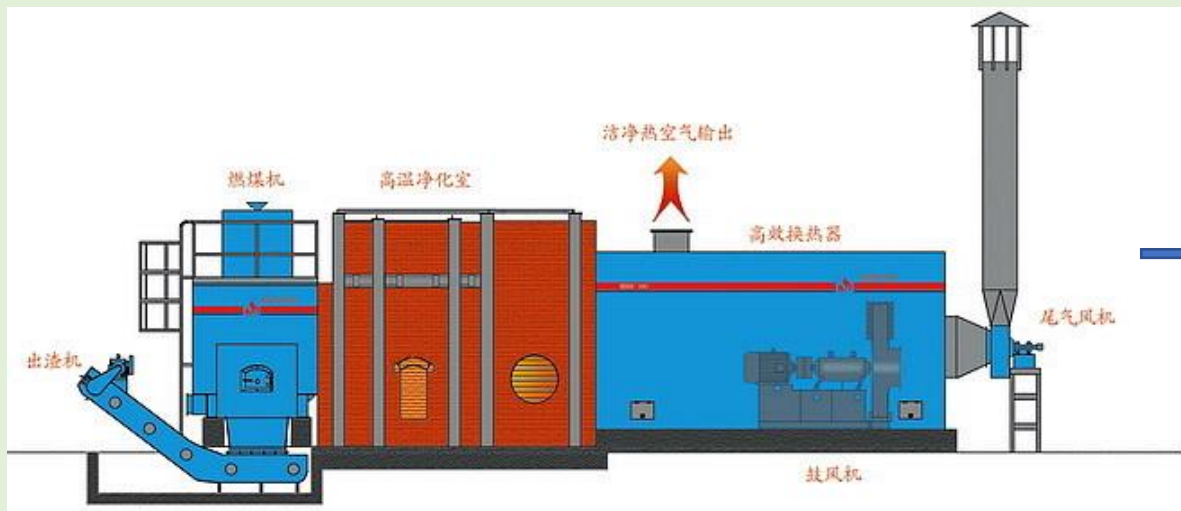
### 3、 Application of grain and oil primary processing machinery

#### (5) Mobile grain dryer



### 3、 Application of grain and oil primary processing machinery

□ Heat source is used for grain drying.



Coal-fired hot air furnace



Diesel /natural gas-fired hot air furnace



Heat pump

Biomass bullet hot air furnace

# 4、 Development status of grain storage facilities

## ( 1 ) Classification of grain storage facilities

- According to the shape of the warehouse
- According to grain stacking mode
  - Bulk bin, packaging bin
  - House warehouse, silo, building warehouse
- According to the warehouse building conditions and equipment configuration
  - Simple granary, general granary, mechanized granary and assembled granary
- According to the location of granary construction
  - Above-ground , underground and semi-underground
- According to the grain storage performance
  - Controlled atmosphere, low temperature , quasi-low temperature and normal temperature



## 4、 Development status of grain storage facilities

### ( 2 ) Steel Silo



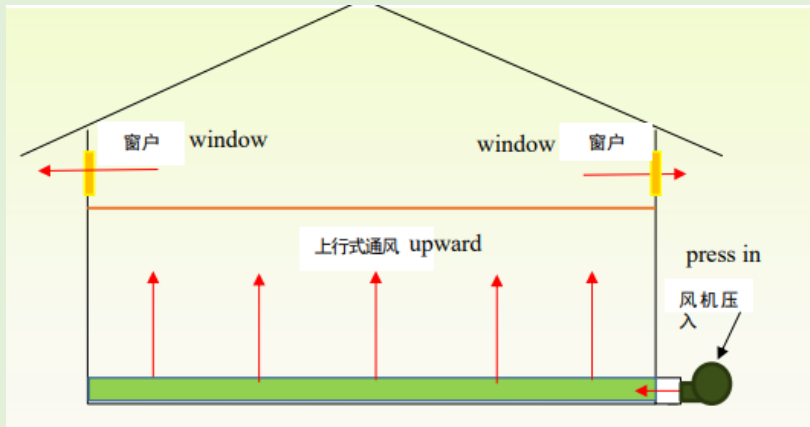
### ( 3 ) High flat warehouse



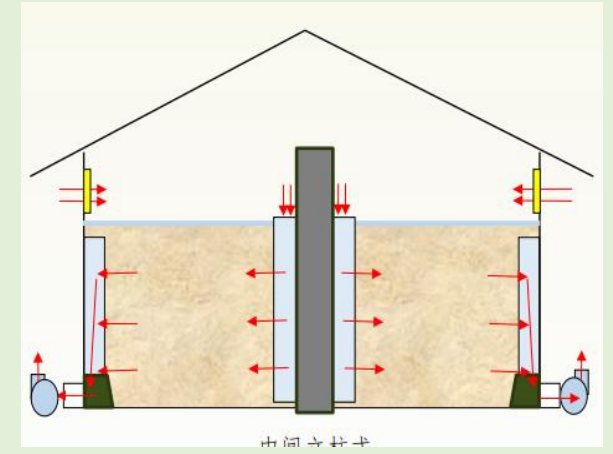
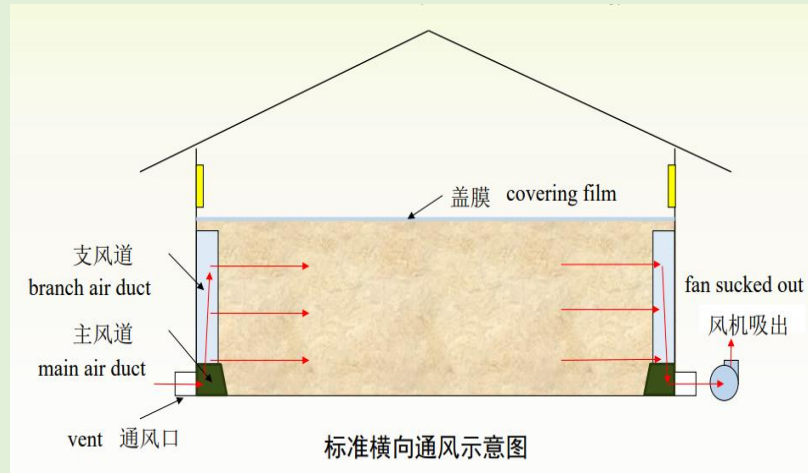
# 4、 Development status of grain storage facilities

## 3、 Typical grain storage technology

### Vertical ventilation system



### Horizontal ventilation system



# 4、Development status of grain storage facilities

## 3、Typical grain storage technology —— Low temperature grain storage technology

### 分类

Low temperature grain storage means that the average grain temperature is kept at 15°C and below all the year round, and the local maximum grain temperature does not exceed 20°C.  
Quasi-low temperature grain storage means that the average grain temperature is kept at 20°C and below all the year round, and the local maximum grain temperature does not exceed 25°C.

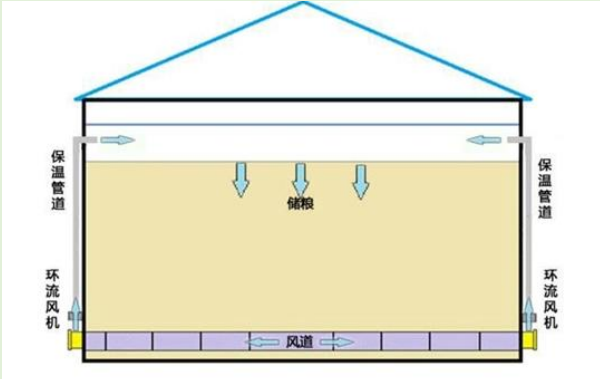
### 功能

Insecticidal and bacteriostatic, inhibit grain respiration, reduce grain dry matter loss, reduce the use of chemical agents, delay grain aging, and ensure grain edible quality and nutritional quality.

### 实现

- Air conditioner control technology controls and adjusts the warehouse temperature, grain temperature and humidity, suitable for high temperature and high humidity areas in the south.

- Internal circulation temperature control In winter, uses the ventilation equipment installed in the warehouse to cool the grain pile temperature, and suitable for the northern region.



## 4、 Development status of grain storage facilities

### 3、 Typical grain storage technology

#### Modified atmosphere grain storage technology

artificially modifies the gas composition or proportion in the grain pile to a certain concentration, and maintain it for a certain time, so as to achieve the purpose of killing insects, inhibiting mold and delaying the change of grain quality.

Nitrogen storage: Using nitrogen concentration above 95% can effectively delay the change of grain quality.

1. Reduce or eliminate pests
2. Prevent mildew: make the oxygen concentration lower than that required for mold metabolism.
3. Prolong grain storage time: slow down the metabolic activity of stored grain cells and reduce volatilization and oxidation reactions
4. Preserve grain nutrients effectively
5. Save Energy Consumption

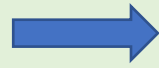


**function**



# 5、 Production Line of grain and oil primary processing

## (1) Corn processing production line



System composition diagram



5t/d production line



20-30t/d production line



100-120t/d production line

# 5、 Production Line of grain and oil primary processing

## (2) Rice processing production line ——From Paddy to Rice

**Raw Paddy**  
**Cleaner & Destoner**  
**Paddy Husker**  
**Finished Fine Rice**  
**Milling & Grading**  
**Paddy Separator**  
**100% Pure Copper Motor**  
**Center Control Cabinet**  
**99.99% impurity Removing**



15t/d complete sets of rice milling



50-80t/d complete sets of rice milling



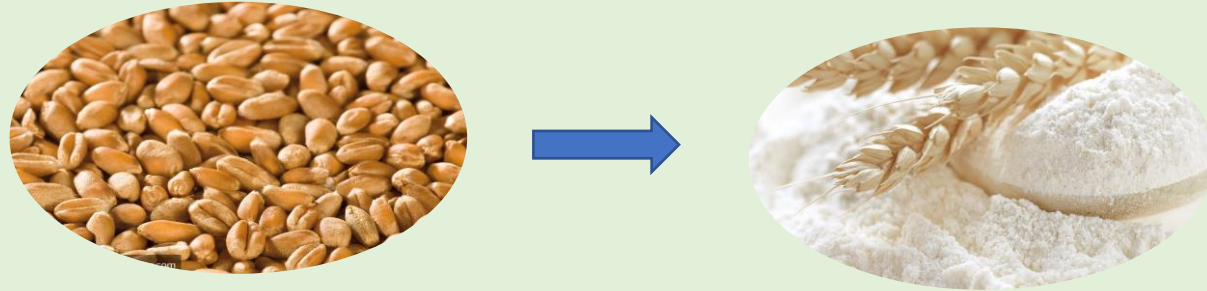
120-150t/d complete sets of rice milling



200t/d complete sets of rice milling

# 5、 Production Line of grain and oil primary processing

## (3) wheat processing production line



200t/d wheat milling complete set



0-1t/d wheat milling complete set



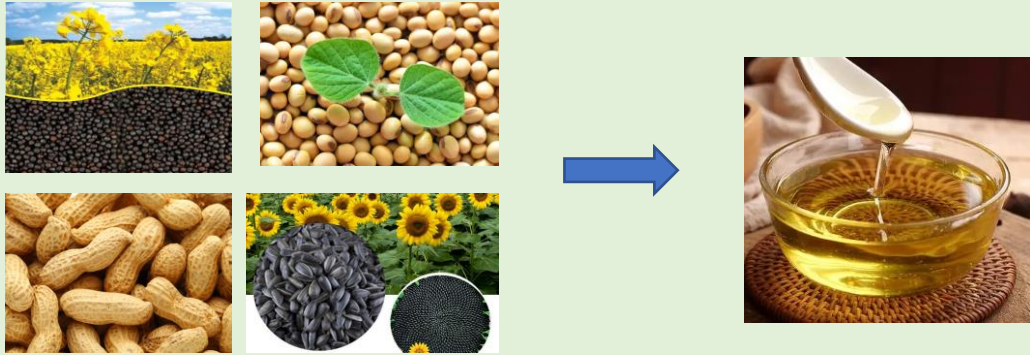
30t/d wheat milling complete set



80-100t/d wheat milling complete set

# 5、 Production Line of grain and oil primary processing

## (4) Oilseed processing equipment & production line



Cleaning → shelling → crushing → steaming and frying → squeezing → filtering → squeezing oil.



100T/D rapeseed oil pressing equipment



100T/D tea seed Oil pressing equipment



100T/D peanut oil pressing equipment



100T/D soybean Oil pressing equipment



## 第三部分

Support policy for mechanization  
industry of grain and oil primary processing

### 3、 Subsidy policy agricultural machinery

#### Subsidy policy for purchasing agricultural machinery in China ---by Ministry of Agri. & Rural Afair

In 2004, in order to support the development of agricultural mechanization, Chinese government began to implement the policy of subsidizing the purchase of agricultural machinery. At the beginning, and subsidized agricultural machinery focused in tractors and planting machinery, Now it has gradually formed a complete organization and management measures, farmers and cooperatives could apply and get financial support, subsidy ratio is around 30%.

In 2014, primary processing machinery was listed in items of subsidized machinery.

From 2021, complete sets of primary processing machinery was listed in items of subsidized machinery.

By the end of 2022, total subsidy fund was about 270 billion RMB, arroud 40 billion US dollors.



## The National Science and Technology Project for High Grain Yield ---by 3 Ministries

The Projects started in 2004. In view of the grim reality of China's grain production, the Ministry of Science and Technology, the Ministry of Agriculture, the Ministry of Finance and the State Grain Administration joined forces with 12 major grain-producing provinces, based on the three major plains of Northeast China, North China and the middle and lower reaches of the Yangtze River, and started the implementation of the National Science and Technology Project for High Grain Yield around the goals of high yield and high efficiency of rice, wheat and corn.

From 2005-2015 State Grain Reserve Bureau implement a subsidy project for small grain silo suitable for smallholders.



850 ~ 1200kg

rice, wheat




Ear corn

3t ~ 5t



12t ~ 15t


## Brief introduction




Founded in 1979, named as Chinese Academy of Agricultural Engineering, is a public institute of MOA, Serve China's Agriculture.



Growing up with Chinese Reform and Opening to Outside World



In 1992, changed name as "Academy of Planning, Design and Research of MOA.

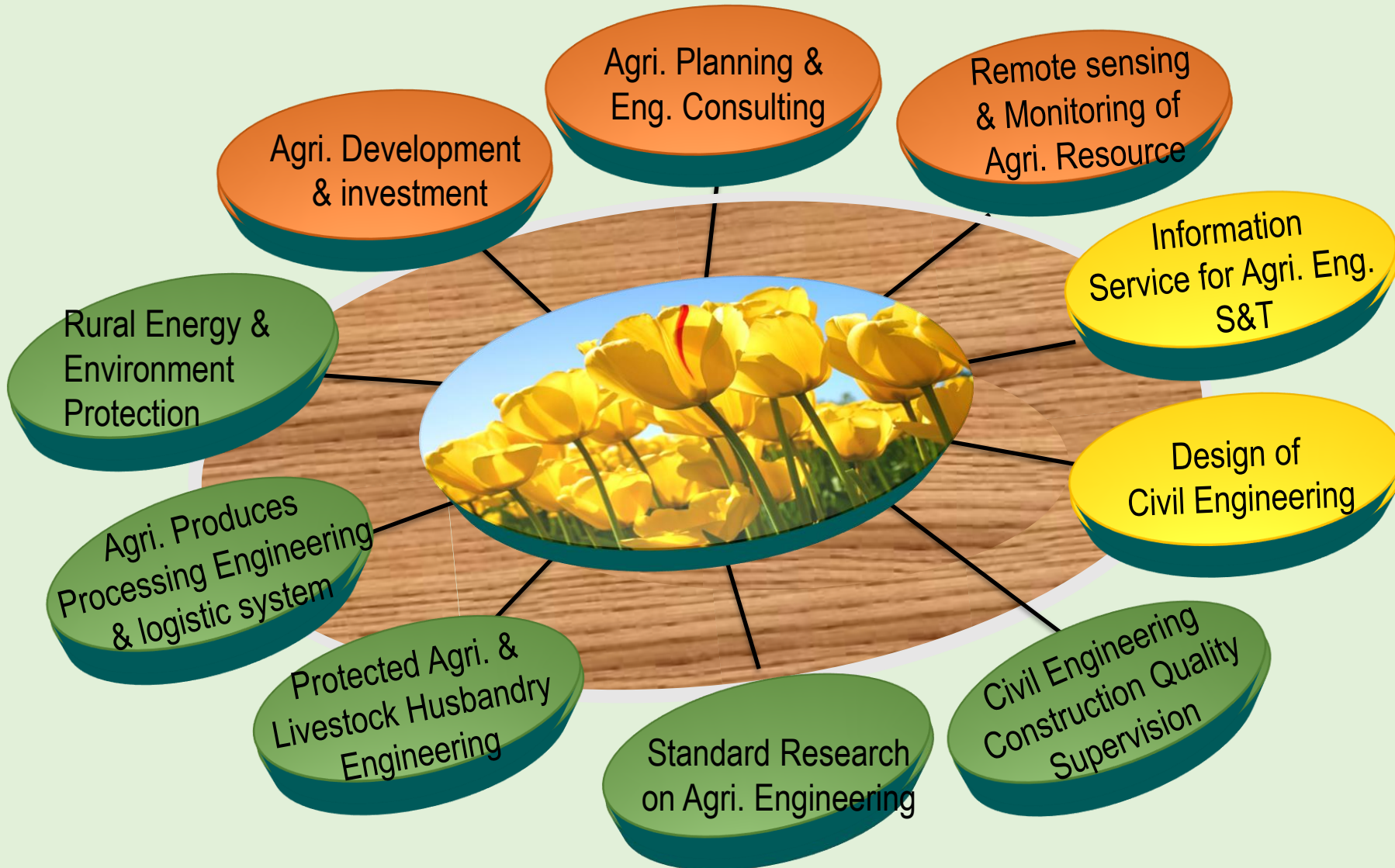


In 2018, changed name again as "Academy Agricultural Planning and Engineering. MARA.





# Key Interests



Totally > 600 Staff



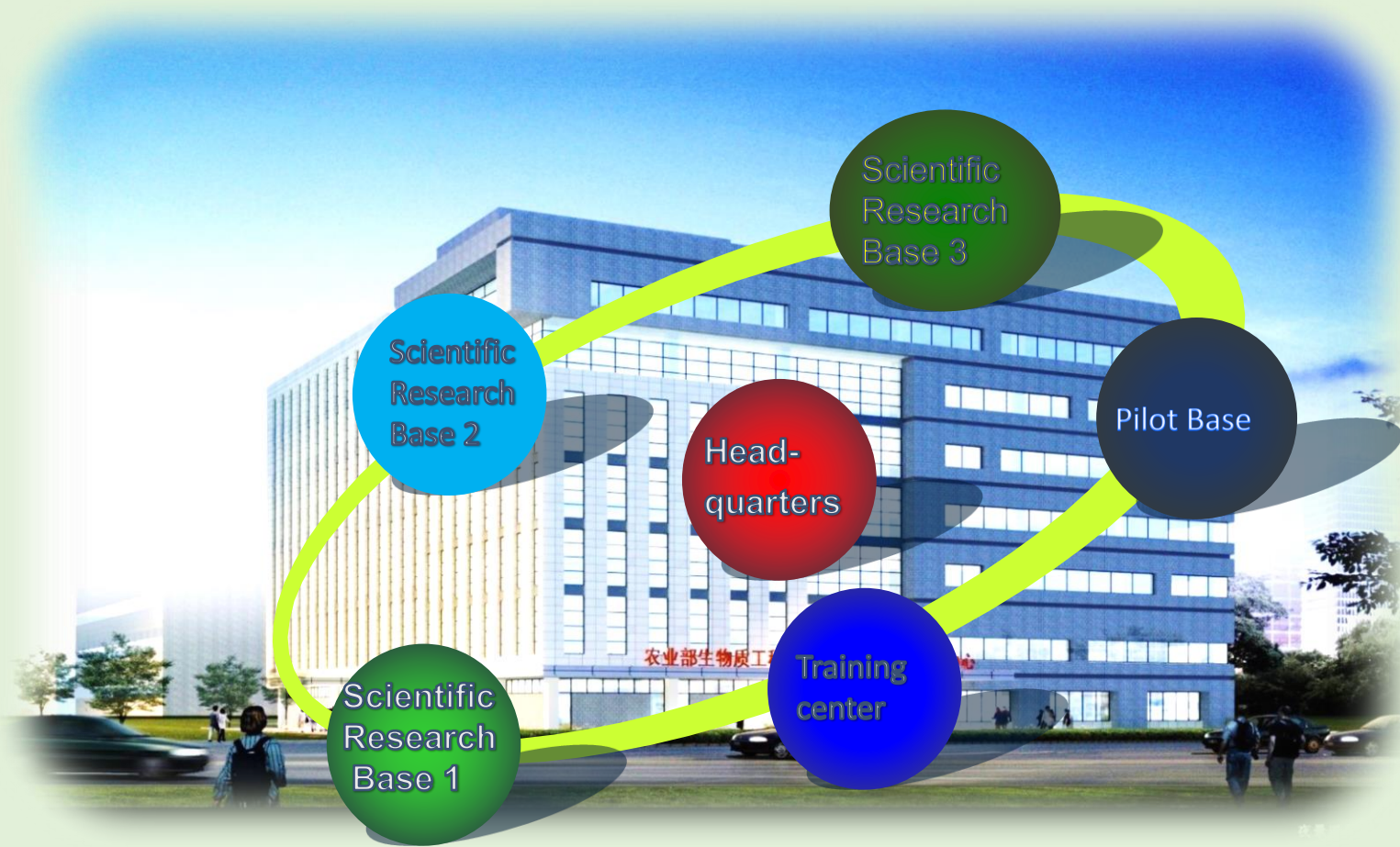
PHD 57

Master Degree 68



- Professor 45
- Senior Engineer 88

人员质、量、结构继续改善



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- Key Lab of Energy Utilization of Rural Waste, MOA
- Remote Sensing Application Centre, MOA
- R&D Sub-division of National Agro-food Processing Equipment
- Key Lab. of Agri. Produce Postharvest Processing, MOA
- Key Lab. of Facility and Construction Engineering, MOA



**END**

**MANY THANKS FOR YOU ALL**

If you have any questions, please ask us any time at your convenience

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